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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/730,225	12/08/2003	John DeNatale JR.	4628	
7590 10/01/2004			EXAMINER	
John DeNatale, Jr.			NOVOSAD, JENNIFER ELEANORE	
81-17 Beaver S	Spur			
Moriches, NY	11955		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3634	
			DATE MAIL ED: 10/01/200	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u></u>
0.00	10/730,225	DENATALE, JOHN	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Jennifer E. Novosad	3634	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appearing for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	S
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu.  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti eply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron tte, cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed  sys will be considered timely.  In the mailing date of this communi  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16	Julv 2004.		
·— · _—	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	rance except for formal matters, pr	osecution as to the mer	its is
closed in accordance with the practice under			
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) 7-12 is/are pending in the application	n.		1
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.		(
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-12</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 December 2003</u> is	/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objec	ted to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing(s) is ol	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	I21(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-15	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority document	nts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority document	nts have been received in Applicat	tion No	
<ol><li>Copies of the certified copies of the pri</li></ol>	ority documents have been receive	red in this National Stagr	е
application from the International Bure	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	st of the certified copies not receiv	ed.	
Attachment(s)	<b></b>	(DTO 145)	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D		
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	8) 5) Notice of Informal	Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)  Other:		

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the panels and slots recited in claim 12 must be shown or the features canceled from the claims. No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 7 recites that the first compartments have a "depth of approximately 3 3/4 inches" and the second compartments have a "depth of approximately 4 ½ inches" while the original specification states that "Each of the compartments are of a width specially designed to securely hold VCR tapes or DVD's" (see page 14).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 7 and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,031,779 (Szenay et al. '779) in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,685,423 (Hunt '423).

Szenay et al. '779 disclose a rotating display holder for media which comprises a generally housing (see Figure 1) with a flat bottom and a flat top (20) so that other holders can be stacked thereon (see Figure 4); the housing having first compartments on one side (right side of Figure 2) and second compartments on another side (left side of Figure 2). With respect to claim 12, note the drawing objection above.

The claims differ from Szenay et al. '779 in requiring: (a) the first compartments to have a width of approximately 1 ¼ inches to hold VCR tapes and the second compartments to have a width of approximately 3¼ of an for holding DVD's (claim 7); (b) the first compartments to have a depth of approximately 3 ¾ inches and the second compartments to have a depth of approximately 4 ½ inches (claim 7); (c) the holder to be made from wood (claim 4); and (d) the holder to be made from metal (claim 11).

With respect to (a), Hunt '423 teaches that it is old to have a holder which comprises different sized compartments for storing and holding different sized media therein wherein some of the compartments are first compartments and the width thereof is 1 inch (see column 1, lines 44), i.e., 1 inch is considered to be approximately 1 ½ inches, for holding video tapes case, i.e.,

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VCR tapes; and some of the compartments are second compartments and the width thereof is 0.41 inches (see column 1, line 51), i.e., 0.41 inches is considered to be approximately \(^3\)/4 inch, for holding video games and compact disc cases.

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided the holder of Szenay et al. '779 with different sized compartments for ease in use to the consumer since the holder can be used in different environments and for different uses.

With respect to (b), although Szenay et al. '779 do not disclose the compartments having the specified depth dimensions, it would have been an obvious design choice to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have fabricated the compartments having a depth of approximately 4 inches, i.e., a compartment having a depth of 4 inches is considered to be approximately 3 ¾ inches and approximately 4 ½ inches (as required in claim 7), thereby allowing for ease in use since objects having different depths can be stored therein.

With respect to (c), Hunt '423 teaches the use of wood. Accordingly, it would have been an obvious design choice to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have fabricated the holder from wood for ease in economy and manufacture while allowing for increased structural stability.

With respect to (d), although Szenay et al. '779 do not disclose the use of metal, it would have been an obvious design choice to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have fabricated the holder from metal for ease in economy and manufacture while allowing for increased structural stability.

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Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Szenay et al. '779 in view of Hunt '423 as applied to claims 7 and 10-12 above, and further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,464,088 (Caplan et al. '088).

The claims differ from the references advanced above in requiring the holder to be motorized (claim 8) and to be remotely controlled (claim 9).

Caplan et al. '088 teach that it is old to have a rotating holder for media which comprises the use of a motor and a remote control.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided the holder of Szenay et al. '779 with a motor and remote control for increased ease in use to the consumer.

#### Comments

It is noted that the following recitations are functional recitations and structure and thus the cited art need not show these functional recitations and structure in order to meet the claim but rather the prior art need only be *capable* of performing the functions.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The new grounds of rejection were necessitated by the amendment reciting "a depth of approximately 3 ¾ inches" and "a depth of approximately 4 ½ inches" as in lines 8 and 14-15, respectively.

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Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer E. Novosad whose telephone number is (703)-305-2872. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 5:30am-4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carl D. Friedman can be reached on (703)-308-0839. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jennifer E. Novosad/jen September 17, 2004

> Carl D. Friedman Supervisory Patent Examiner

Group 3600